

ABSTRACT

Umi Masruroh, 2023. “**Comparative Study of Learning Outcomes of Fiqh Subject between Mukim and Non-Mukim Students at MAN 1 Lamongan**”. Skripsi. Universitas Islam Lamongan.

This research is entitled Comparative Study of Learning Outcomes of Fiqh Subject between Mukim and Non-Mukim Students at MAN 1 Lamongan. This research uses a type of quantitative research where the data produced is in the form of numbers so that later the results will be accurate. The purpose of this study was to find out the learning outcomes of fiqh subjects for mukim students, to find out the learning outcomes of non-mukim students of fiqh subjects, and to compare the learning outcomes of fiqh subjects for mukim and non-mukim students. The results of this study are that the results of studying jurisprudence at MAN 1 Lamongan are classified as not good, this is proven based on the data on the report scores for fiqh subjects that have been given by fiqh subject teachers from several samples of mukim students and the results of data analysis using the percentage formula obtained results of 33.94% which is between the interval values of 0% - 45% which means the category is not good. The results of studying fiqh at MAN 1 Lamongan are classified as not good, this is proven based on the data on the value of report cards for fiqh subjects that have been given by fiqh subject teachers from several samples of non-resident students and the results of data analysis using the percentage formula obtained results of 31.70% which is between interval value of 0% - 45% which means the category is not good. From the results of the calculation analysis with the t test using SPSS, the calculation results show a significance value of 0.021 and 0.020 which of the two values is > 0.05 (greater than 0.05). Then it is proven that there is no difference between the learning outcomes of mukim and non-mukim students.

Keyword:Comparison, Learning Outcomes

ABSTRAK

Umi Masruroh, 2023. “**Studi Perbandingan Hasil Belajar Siswa Mukim dan tidak Mukim di MAN 1 Lamongan**”. Skripsi. Universitas Islam Lamongan.

Penelitian ini berjudul Studi Perbandingan Hasil Belajar Mata Pelajaran Fiqih antara Siswa Mukin dan Tidak Mukim di MAN 1 Lamongan. Penelitian ini menggunakan jenis penelitian kuantitatif dimana data-data yang dihasilkan berupa angka sehingga nantinya hasilnya menjadi akura. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hasil belajar mata pelajaran fiqh siswa mukim, mengetahui hasil belajar mata pelajaran fiqh siswa tidak mukim, dan perbandingan hasil belajar mata pelajaran fiqh siswa mukim dan tidak mukim. Hasil dari penelitian ini adalah yang Hasil belajar fiqh di MAN 1 Lamongan tergolong kurang baik, hal ini terbukti berdasarkan data nilai rapot mata pelajaran fiqh yang telah di berikan guru mata pelajaran fiqh dari beberapa sampel siswa mukim dan hasil analisis data dengan rumus prosentase diperoleh hasil sebesar 33.94% yang berada diantara nilai interval 0% - 45% yang berarti kategori kurang baik. Hasil belajar fiqh di MAN 1 Lamongan tergolong kurang baik, hal ini terbukti berdasarkan data nilai rapot mata pelajaran fiqh yang telah di berikan guru mata pelajaran fiqh dari beberapa sampel siswa tidak mukim dan hasil analisis data dengan rumus prosentase diperoleh hasil sebesar 31.70% yang berada diantara nilai interval 0% - 45% yang berarti kategori kurang baik. Dari hasil analisis perhitungan dengan uji t yang menggunakan SPSS, dengan hasil perhitungan menunjukkan nilai signifikansi sebesar 0,021 dan 0,020 yang mana dari kedua nilai tersebut $> 0,05$ (lebih besar dari 0,05). Maka terbukti bahwa tidak ada perbedaan antara hasil belajar siswa mukim dan tidak mukim.

Kata Kunci:Komparasi, Hasil Belajar